

Higher Secondary School Certificate (HSC)

Examination Syllabus & Model Paper (For the Year 2024)

COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY – XII

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Preface

Ziauddin University Examination Board (ZUEB) was established by the Sindh ACT XLI 2018, with the aim of improving the quality of education. The Board administers examinations for the Secondary School Certificate (SSC) and Higher Secondary School Certificate (HSSC) based on the latest Reviewed National Curriculum by Directorate Curriculum Assessment and Research (DCAR) Sindh. ZUEB has a mandate by Ordinance to offer such examination services to English /Urdu and Sindhi medium candidates for SSC and HSSC from private schools in Sindh. This examination syllabus exemplifies ZUEB's commitment to provincial educational goals.

The Examination Board has prepared with the help of subject professors, subject wise syllabus. It is important to make the difference between syllabus and curriculum. The syllabus of a subject is considered as a guide for the subject teacher as well as the students. It helps the students understand the subject in detail. It also helps students to anticipate what is expected from them while preparing for the exams.

This examination syllabus brings together all those cognitive outcomes of the Provincial Curriculum statement which can be reliably and validly assessed. While the focus is on the cognitive domain, particular emphasis is given to the application of knowledge and understanding.

The examination syllabus is uploaded on the ZUEB website. This is done to help affiliated schools in planning their teaching. It is the syllabus, not the prescribed textbook which is the basis of the ZUEB examinations. In addition, the ZUEB examination syllabus is used to develop learning support materials for students and teachers. The examination board stand committed to all students who have embarked upon the SSC, and HSSC courses in facilitating their learning outcomes. Our examination syllabus document ensures all possible support.

On the Ziauddin University Examination Board website, a tab e –resource is made available which provides resource material in all subjects both in text form in line with the curriculum and also videos on topics to give students access to learn at their own pace and own time. These 15 to 20 minutes videos are prepared around subject concept / topics. These videos are available to the students for revisiting a lesson taught by their teacher or watch it prior to the lesson and as a reinforcement strategy. The work on videos is in progress and new titles will be uploaded.

Please look out for the videos on the given website.

Humbly Yours;

Shahbaz Nasim Academic Head

Aims of the syllabus of Commercial Geography.

The Aims of teaching Commercial Geography to students at Higher Secondary School Level are to:

- Provide students with the understanding of trading of commodities between different countries.
- Describes how certain goods and services are produced in abundance in certain countries due to advantages in environmental factors, and then traded with countries which cannot produce those goods due to environmental constraints.
- Provide knowledge to students regarding the manufacturing of commodities, and the raw materials required for their production.
- Provides understanding on the factors required for localization of industries.

ZIAUDDIN UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION BOARD STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (SLO) CATEGORIZATION XII- COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY Detailed Syllabus

Topics	Sub-Topics	Student Learning Outcomes	Cognitive Levels		
			K	U	A
Economic and	Commercial Geography	Define Economic and Commercial	*		
Commercial		Geography.			
Geography	Scope.	Differentiate b/w Geography and economic		*	
	1	geography.			
	Importance.	Describe the mutual relationship b/w		*	
	-	economic geography and commercial			
		geography.			
		Explain the scope of study of economic		*	
		geography.			
		Explain which aspects of environment and		*	
		human life are studied in geography.			
		Describe the kinds of geography.		*	
		Explain the importance of the study of		*	
		economic geography.			
Environment and	Environment.	Define Environment in the accomplical	*		
Human Activities	Environment.	Define Environment in the geographical perspective.			
Human Activities	Lakes.	Explain the influences of physical		*	
	Lakes.	environment on human activities.			
	Rivers.	Differentiate b/w physical and non-		*	
		physical environment.			
	Climate.	Analyze the influences of lakes and rivers			*
		on human activities.			
	Soil.	Explain how human activities are		*	
		influenced by climate.			
	Human activities.	Explain the relationship b/w soil and		*	
		human activities.			
	Vegetation.	Explain the relationship b/w location and		*	
		economic activities			
		Analyzed the influence of vegetation on			
		human activities.			
		Explain how oceans and coastal		*	
		environment influences the human			
		activities.			
		Explain relationship maintained between		*	
		minerals and the human activities.			
		Explain how physical form and area		*	
		influence the human activities.		-	
		Explain how social and cultural		*	
		environment combining with the physical			
		environment determines the life pattern of			
		man.			

		Discuss the relationship b/w trade and	*
Primitive	Eistin -	geographical environment.	*
Economic	Fishing.	Explain the classification of human economic activities.	
Activities	Uniting		*
Activities	Hunting.	Explain what are primary activities and factors which influence primary services.	
	Lumbering.	Explain the concept of fishing	*
	Lumbering.	Describe the different sources of fish.	*
	Forests.	Discuss the factors of fishing.	*
	Torests.	Discuss different fishing methods.	*
		Discuss fishing grounds of North-East	*
		Africa, North-West Europe, Central-west	
		coast of south America.	
		Discuss hunting as human occupation.	*
		Discuss lumbering as economic activity.	*
		Discuss the advantages of forests.	*
		Explain the role played by coniferous	*
		forests for the business and trade related to	
		wood.	
		Write on deciduous forests.	
		Explain what is ever green forests and	*
		where they are found.	
		Write on Mediterranean forests.	
		Discuss wood trade of the world	*
Agricultural	Agriculture.	Explain when and how activities began	*
Activities	6	before the start of agriculture.	
	Farming.	Discuss the organic heap theory of	*
	e	agriculture.	
	Herding.	Discuss agricultural activities that began	*
	C	during the period of ancient civilizations.	
		Explain the importance of agriculture.	*
		Discuss with reference to physical factors	*
		how agricultural activities are determined.	
		Discuss how economic and political factors	*
		influence agriculture.	
		Discuss plantation, trucks and mechanized	*
		farming.	
		Discuss shift farming and mixed farming	*
		Discuss the role of cattle in agriculture.	*
		Discuss dairy farming, livestock farming	*
		and herding.	
		Differentiate b/w commercial agriculture	*
		and subsistence agriculture.	
Agricultural	Factors of agriculture.	Discuss how and when agricultural	*
resources and their		activities began.	
distribution.	Crops.	Discuss the factors of agriculture.	*
uisuituutull.	Crops.	Differentiate b/w food crop and non-food	*
	Wheat.	-	
	vv licat.	crop.	
	Rice.	Discuss wheat as a grain and factors for wheat cultivation.	*
		wiicat cuttivatioli.	-

	1			<u> </u>	1
		Explain wheat producing regions of Asia,			1
	Maize.	Europe, North and South America, Africa		*	
		and Australia.			
	Sugar cane.	Analyze the world trade of wheat.			*
	_	Explain the different varieties of rice.		*	
	Tea.	Discuss the rice cultivating countries of the		*	
		world and its necessary factors.			
	Cotton.	Analyze the world trade of Rice.			*
	Cotton.	Discuss the rice exporting countries of the		*	
	Wool.	world.			
	wool.	Discuss cultivation, use and distribution of		*	
	Dealthean				
	Rubber.	maize.		*	
		Explain maize cultivation in Europe, Asia,		*	
	Oil seeds.	Africa and Australia.			
		Analyze world trade of maize.			*
		Discuss sugarcane and the physical and		*	1
		economic factors required for sugarcane			
		cultivation.			1
		Discuss sugarcane cultivation in Asian		*	
		countries, West Indies, South America,			
		United States of America.			
		Analyze sugar trade of the world.			*
				*	
		Explain tea and factors necessary for tea			
		cultivation.			
		Discuss the Asian regions in which tea is		*	
		cultivated.			
		Analyzed world trade of tea.			*
		Explain cotton and factors for cotton		*	
		cultivation.			
		Discuss cotton cultivation in America,		*	
		Asia, Australia, Africa and Europe.			
		Analyze world trade of cotton.			*
		Discuss wool and the physical and		*	
		economic factor for wool production.			
		1		*	
		Discuss wool producing countries of the			
		world.		*	1
		Discuss natural rubber and the factors for		*	
		rubber plantation.		Ι.	1
		Discuss important rubber producing		*	1
		countries.			1
		Analyze world trade of rubber			*
		Explain oil seeds and different seeds used		*	1
		or extracting edible oil.			1
Manufacturing and	Manufacturing.	Define the concept of manufacturing.	*		1
Industry.	B.	Discuss the industrial revolution at the		*	1
	Industrial revolution.	global level.			1
		Discuss the kind of industries based on		*	1
	Staal			-	
	Steel.	their nature.		*	1
		Discuss the world distribution of		Ť	1
	Textile.	industries.		Ι.	1
		Discuss the history of iron and steel.		*	1

	Uranium	Discuss Uranium and important uranium	*	k	
	Oranium	producing countries.			
	Nickel	Discuss world distribution of nickel and chromite.	*	k	
	Chrome	Discuss the world distribution of	*	k	
		Manganese.			
	Manganese				
Energy Resources	Coal	Write a note on coal.	2		
and their use.	Electricity	Explain where coal is found in Europe, Asia, South hemisphere, and America. Analyze world trade of coal.	*	k	*
	Petrol	Discuss advantages and disadvantages of electricity.	3	k	
	Oil	Analyze the world situation of electricity. Explain hydroelectricity and its	*	k	*
	Natural Gas Atomic energy	importance. Explain which factors play a crucial role in promoting hydroelectricity.	4	k	
		Discuss world distribution of hydroelectricity.	4	k	
		Explain basic information on petroleum.	2	k	
		Discuss the importance of petroleum.	2		
		Discuss distribution of mineral oil in Asia,	*	k	
		Africa, America and Europe. Explain which countries import and export mineral oil.	3	k	
		Explain natural gas, and discuss which countries in the world produce natural gas.	*	k	
		Write a note on atomic energy and discuss world distribution of nuclear power.	3	k	
Pakistan					
Location and Physical	Location.	Describe the history and emergence of Pakistan on the global map, and her	*	k	
Environment.	Physical environment.	location. Discuss the importance of Pakistan with	×	k	
	Climate.	reference to its location. Explain the territorial and provincial division of Pakistan.	*	k	
		Explain the physiological characteristics of plateaus of Pakistan.	×	k	
		Discuss the mountainous areas of Pakistan and its characteristics.	3	k	
		Discuss the desert division of Pakistan.	2	k	
		Discuss the upper and lower plains of Indus River.	*	k	
		Differentiate between season and climate.	*	ĸ	
		Explain the classification of climate and	2	k	
		which groups is found in different areas of Pakistan.			

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		Explain the determinants of the climate of	*	k	
		a particular country.			
		Explain the climatic distribution of	*	k	
		Pakistan.			*
		Analyze the different areas of Pakistan in			
		the light of climate			*
		Analyze the influences of climate on the			
		human life			
Vegetation, Soil &	Forest.	Explain in detail, vegetation and forests of	*	×	
Irrigation system of		Pakistan.			
Pakistan.	Soil.	Discuss the forests found in different areas	*	k	
		of Pakistan.			
	Irrigation.	Discuss the industries in Pakistan which	*	k	
	C	depend on forests.			
	Water logging &	Explain why forests are important for a	*	k	
	salinity.	country.			
		Explain the process of soil composition.	*	k	
		Explain the cause which make the soil of	*	k	
		different regions of Pakistan different.			
		Explain what is soil conservation,	*	k	
		Suggest ways for conserving the soil in			*
		Pakistan.			
		Explain the importance of irrigation for	*	k	
		agricultural crops.			
		Explain the irrigation system of Pakistan.	*	k	
		Explain in detail the canal system of	*	k	
		irrigation of upper Indus plain			
		Explain the irrigation system of river	*	k	
		Indus.			
		Discuss the irrigation by barrages in the	*	k	
		western part of River Indus.			
		Discuss Mangla and Tarbela dam.	*	k	
		Discuss the advantages and disadvantages	*		
		e e			
		of irrigation system with reference to Pakistan.			
			*	k	
		Explain the causes of problem of water			
		logging and salinity with reference to			
		Pakistan.			*
		Suggest ways to overcome waterlogging			
		and salinity in Pakistan			
A ami an 1 to ma 1	A ami aultranal an et a sef	Evaluation the importance of a minute of	*	k	
Agricultural	Agricultural sector of	Explain the importance of agricultural	1		
resources & their	Pakistan.	sector in the economy of Pakistan.	*	k	
exploitation	Fostowe (front)	Explain the history of agricultural	*	-	
	Factors effecting	development in Pakistan.	-*	2	
	agricultural production.	Discuss the future of agricultural sector of	*	•	
	T I I	Pakistan.			
	Important crops.	Explain the problems being faced by the	*	5	
		agricultural sector of Pakistan which is			
		affecting productivity.		_	
			*	5	

	I		
		Discuss the socio-economic, economic and	
		technical factors affecting the productivity	
		of agricultural sector of Pakistan.	
		Discuss government efforts creating	*
		positive trends in the agricultural sector of	
		Pakistan.	
		Explain the important agricultural crops of	*
		Pakistan.	
Important	Wheat.	Explain which are the important wheat	*
Agricultural Crops		growing areas of Pakistan.	
of Pakistan	Rice.	Discuss the province wise production and	*
		the area under cultivation of wheat in	
	Maize.	Pakistan.	
		Discuss the rice growing regions of	*
	Sugarcane.	Pakistan.	
	~ ugui cuite.	Discuss the production and areas under	*
	Cotton.	rice cultivation in Pakistan.	
		Discuss the important maize producing	*
	Tobacco.	regions in Pakistan.	
	10000000	Discuss production and productivity of	*
		maize in Pakistan.	
		Discuss the sugarcane producing regions in	*
		Pakistan.	
		Discuss the production and area under	*
		cultivation of sugarcane.	
		Discuss cotton as a cash crop.	*
		Discuss where cotton is cultivated in	*
		Pakistan.	
		Explain what is tobacco, and the factors	*
		that play an important role in tobacco	
		cultivation.	
		Discuss important tobacco cultivating	*
		regions of Pakistan, its production and	
		productivity.	
		productivity.	
Power Resources	Electricity.	Explain what is hydel power, and explain	*
I OWEL INCOULED	Licenterty.	hydel power projects in Pakistan.	
	Atomic energy.	Discuss the small hydel power projects of	*
	Atomic energy.	Pakistan.	
	Denovyable energy		*
	Renewable energy.	Discuss the thermal power projects of Pakistan.	
			*
		Discuss the atomic energy position in	
		Pakistan.	*
		Discuss solar energy in Pakistan.	*
		Explain bio-gas and wind energy and what	
D 1 1 1 1		are its prospects in Pakistan	
Population in	Population growth rate.	Describe the significance of population to	*
Pakistan & its		a country.	
effects	Density of population.	Discuss how population of a country	*
		influence the different sectors of the	
	1	economy	

			· · ·	
		Discuss the population growth of Pakistan.	*	
		Describe the population density of	*	
		Pakistan. Explain area-wise distribution of		
		population.		
		Explain the causes of difference in density	*	
		of population in different regions of		
		Pakistan.		
		Discuss the pattern in which the population	*	
		of Pakistan has been distributed in rural		
		and urban areas.		
		Analyze the population of Pakistan in the		*
		light of birth rate and death rate.		
		Discuss the pattern on which population of	*	
		Pakistan has been distributed by age and		
		sex.		
		Explain migration of population and in	*	
		how many kinds it can be divided.		
		Analyze internal and external migration		*
		with special reference to Pakistan.		
		Analyze the Afghan refugee problem in		*
		Pakistan.		
		Analyze the trend of rural population		*
		migration to urban areas.		
		Explain the prominent characteristics of	*	
		population of Pakistan.		
		Analyze the working population of		*
		Pakistan with reference to the employment		
		situation in the country.		
		Discuss what policies have been adopted	*	
		by the government of Pakistan for		
		increasing employment in the country		
Means of transport	Roads.	Describe the importance of means of	*	
incluins of transport		transport for the Pakistani economy.		
	Motorways.	Explain the political and economic	*	
	1.10001.001.001	significance of the means of transport.		
	Railway.	Discuss the importance of transportation	*	
	1	through roads.		
		Analyze the development of roads in		*
		Pakistan and explain its existing situation.		
		Discuss the highways programs of national	*	
		highway authority of Pakistan.		
		Discuss motorway development of	*	
		Pakistan.		
		Discuss brief history of Pakistan railways.	*	
		Discuss the important railway routes of	*	
		Pakistan.		
		Discuss briefly on civil aviation authority	*	
		of Pakistan.		
		Explain the importance of air transport and	*	
		airports in Pakistan.		
		מוויסווס ווו דמגוזומוו.		

Discuss the river/ocean situation of	*	
Pakistan.		
Discuss Pakistan national shipping	*	
corporation.		
Discuss Karachi Port Trust	*	
Discuss Port Muhammad Bin Qasim and	*	
Gwadar Port.		

Table of Specification (TOS)

Topic No.	Торіс	Student I	Student Learning Outcomes		
110.		K	U	Α	
1	Economic and Commercial Geography	1	6		7
2	Environment and Human Activities	1	10	1	12
3	Primitive Economic Activities		13		13
4	Agricultural Activities		11		11
5	Agricultural resources and their distribution.		21	7	28
6	Manufacturing and Industry.	1	18		19
7	Population of the world		6	3	9
8	Mineral Resources and their Reserves.		5		5
9	Energy Resources and their use.		12	2	14
10	Location and Physical Environment of Pakistan		11	2	13
11	Vegetation, Soil & Irrigation system of Pakistan.		15	2	17
12	Agricultural resources & their exploitation		7		7
13	Important Agricultural Crops of Pakistan		12		12
14	Power Resources		6		6
15	Population in Pakistan & its effects		10	5	15
16	Means of transport		13	1	14
	Total	3	176	23	202
	Percentage (%)	1%	87%	11%	100%

Table 1: Number of Student Learning outcomes (SLOs) and their cognitive distribution

Note:

- 1. Table 1 identifies the Student Learning objectives and their cognitive distribution (Knowledge, Understanding, Application).
- 2. The table shows that greater emphasis has been placed on understanding concepts.
- 3. Please note that Table 1 does not translate to marks distribution in the exam paper and weightage of each topic is calculated separately in Table 3

Topic No	Торіс	Total SLOs	% Share of SLOs
-	World:		
1	Economic and Commercial Geography	7	3%
2	Environment and Human Activities	12	6%
3	Primitive Economic Activities	13	6%
4	Agricultural Activities	11	5%
5	Agricultural resources and their distribution.	28	14%
6	Manufacturing and Industry.	19	9%
7	Population of the world	9	4%
8	Mineral Resources and their Reserves.	5	2%
9	Energy Resources and their use.	14	7%
	Pakistan:		
10	Location and Physical Environment of Pakistan	13	6%
11	Vegetation, Soil & Irrigation system of Pakistan.	17	8%
12	Agricultural resources & their exploitation	7	3%
13	Important Agricultural Crops of Pakistan	12	6%
14	Power Resources	6	3%
15	Population in Pakistan & its effects	15	7%
16	Means of transport	14	7%
	Total	202	100%

Table 2: No. of SLOs and their % Share per Topic

Note:

- 1. Table 2: Shows the % share of SLOs per Topic.
- 2. In the "World" section, the Topic of Agricultural resources and their distribution has the highest % share of SLOs with 14% followed by Manufacturing and Industry at 9%.
- 3. Whereas in the "Pakistan" section the topic of Vegetation, Soil & Irrigation system of Pakistan has the highest % share of SLOs at 8% followed by the topics of Population in Pakistan & its effects, and Means of Transport with 7% each.
- 4. Please note that Table 2 does not translate to marks distribution in the exam paper and weightage of marks for each topic is calculated separately in Table 3

Topics	Difficulty Level	Total Questions to be Given	Total Questions to be Attempted	Maximum Marks Obtainable
World Economic and Commercial Geography Environment and Human Activities Primitive Economic Activities Agricultural Activities Agricultural resources and their distribution. Manufacturing and Industry. Population of the world Mineral Resources and their Reserves. Energy Resources and their use.	Easy Easy Easy Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate	MCQs 8 x 1 mark each CRQs 7 x 3 marks each ERQs 2 x 15 marks each	MCQs 8 x 1 mark each CRQs 5 x 3 marks each ERQs 1 x 15 marks each	38
Pakistan Location and Physical Environment of Pakistan Vegetation, Soil & Irrigation system of Pakistan Agricultural resources & their exploitation Important Agricultural Crops of Pakistan Power Resources Population in Pakistan and its effects Means of Transport	Easy Moderate Easy Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate	MCQs 7 x 1 mark each CRQs 7 x 3 marks each ERQs 2 x 15 marks each	MCQs 7 x 1 mark each CRQs 5 x 3 marks each ERQs 1 x 15 marks each	37
Total Marks	1		MCQsCRQsERQs153030	75

Table 3: Exam Paper Specification, Topic Difficulty, Marks distribution

Note:

- 1. Table 3 displays Paper specification, Topic difficulty level, 3 types of Questions and their respective numbers to be used for assessment, and marks distribution per section.
- 2. The Exam Paper consists of 3 Sections:
- a. Section A = Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)
- b. Section B = Short Answer Questions / Constructive Response Questions (CRQs)
- c. Section C = Detailed Answer Questions/ Extended Response Questions (ERQs); require more detailed answers necessitating a broader understanding of concepts, and complex calculations compared to CRQ

ZIAUDDIN UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION BOARD **GRADE XII – COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY** SCHEME OF ASSESSMENT

Maximum Marks: 75

Section 'A': Multiple Choice Questions (20%) 15 Marks

Multiple Choice Question will cover the complete Syllabus

- Each MCQ carries 1 mark
- Given MCQs will be = 15 MCQs
- All MCQs to be answered

Section 'B': Short Answer Questions (40%) 30 Marks (3x10=30)

- Short Answer Question must be given from the prescribed Syllabus all content is to be followed. •
- Section B is divided into two parts i.e., "World" and "Pakistan". •
- In the "World" portion Seven (7) Short Answer Questions may be given. Each Question having (3 Marks). In • this Section Student shall attempt (5 Questions).
- Similarly, In the "Pakistan" portion, Seven (7) Short Answer Questions may be given. Each Question having • (3 Marks). In this Section Student shall attempt (5 Questions).

Section "C" (Detailed Answer Questions) (40%) 30 Marks (15x2=30)

- Section C is divided into two parts i.e., "World" & " Pakistan".
- In the "World" portion, Two (2) Detailed Answer Questions may be given. Each Question having (15 Marks). In this Section Student shall attempt (1 Question only).
- Similarly, In the "Pakistan" portion Two (2) Detailed Answer Questions may be given. Each Question having • (15 Marks). In this Section Student shall attempt (1 Question only).

(1x15=15)

DEFINITIONS OF COGNITIVE LEVELS

Remember

Remembering is the act of retrieving knowledge and can be used to produce things like definition or lists. The student must be able to recall or recognize information and concepts. The teacher must present information about a subject to the student, ask questions that require the student to recall that information and provide written or verbal assessment that can be answered by remembering the information learnt.

Question Stems

Can you name all the ...? Describe what happens when ...? How is (are) ...? How would you define ...? How would you identify ...? How would you outline ...? How would you recognize...? List the ... in order. What do you remember about ...? What does it mean? What happened after? What is (are) ...? What is the best one? What would you choose ...? When did ...? Where is (are) ...? Which one ...? Who spoke to ...? Who was ...? Why did ...?

Understand

The next level in the taxonomic structure is Understanding, which is defined as the construction of meaning and relationships. Her the student must understand the main idea of material heard, viewed, or read and interpret or summarize the ideas in their own words. The teacher must ask questions that the student can answer in their own words by identifying the main idea.

Question Stems

Can you clarify...? Can you illustrate ...? Condense this paragraph. Contrast ... Does everyone think in the way that ... does? Elaborate on ... Explain why ... Give an example How can you describe How would you clarify the meaning How would you compare ...? How would you differentiate between ...? How would you describe ...? How would you generalize ...? How would you identify ...? Is it valid that ...? Is this the same as ...? Outline ... Select the best definition State in your own words This represents ... What are they saying? What can you infer from ...? What can you say about ...? What could have happened next? What did you observe? What does this mean? What expectations are there? What information can you infer from What is the main idea of ...? What restrictions would you ad What seems likely?

	What seems to be?
	What would happen if?
	What would happen if?
	Which are the facts?
	Which statements support?
Apply	Analyze
The third level in Bloom's taxonomy,	Analyzing is the cognitive level where students can
Applying marks a fundamental shift from the	take the knowledge they have remembered,
pre-Bloom earning era because it involves	understood and applied, then delve into that
remembering what has been learnt, having a	knowledge to make associations, discernments or
good understanding of the knowledge, and	comparisons. Students should break down a concept
applying it to real-world exercises, challenges	or idea into parts and show relationship between these parts. Teachers must give student time to examine
or situation. Students must apply an abstract	concepts and their requisite elements.
idea in a concrete case to solve a problem or	Students are required to explain why they chose a
relate it to prior experience. The teacher must	solution.
provide opportunities for students to use	Solution.
theories and problem-solving techniques in	Question Stems
new situations and review and check their	
work. Assessment questions should be	• Can you distinguish between?
provided that allow students to define and	Can you explain what must have happened when
solve problems.	?
	• Determine the point of view, bias, values, or
Question Stems	intent underlying the presented material
	• Discuss the pros and cons of
Can you group by characteristics such as?	• How can you classify according to?
Choose the best statements that apply	• How can you compare the different parts?
Clarify why	• How can you sort the different parts?
Do you know of another instance where?	• How is connected to?
Draw a story map	• How is similar to?
Explain why a character acted in the way that	• How would you categorize?
he did	How would you explain?
From the information given, can you develop	• If happened, what might the ending have
a set of instructions about?	been?
How could you develop?	State the point of view ofWhat are some of the problems of?
How would you change?	 What are some of the problems of? What assumptions?
How would you demonstrate?	What can you infer about?
How would you develop to present	What can you point out about?
How would you explain?	What conclusions?
	What do you see as other possible outcomes?
	What does the author assume?
	• What explanation do you have for?
	• What ideas justify the conclusion?
	• What ideas validate?
	• What is the analysis of?
	• What is the function of?

• What is the problem with?
• What motive is there?
• What persuasive technique is used?
• What statement is relevant?
• What was the turning point?
• What were some of the motives behind?
• What's fact? Opinion?
• What's the main idea?
• What's the relationship between?
• Which events could not have happened?
• Why did changes occur?
• Why do you think?

BLOOMS TAXANOMY WITH EXAMPLES

If you are a teacher looking for ways to engage your students in learning, this LIST of questions might be interesting for your classroom practice. Bloom's Taxonomy question stems can help elicit higher-order thinking skills and promote critical thinking among learners at different taxonomy levels. These question stems can also encourage students to think about their knowledge through reflection before answering questions.

			<u>R COGNITIVE</u>		
Knowledge	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
define	explain	solve	Analyze	reframe	design
identify	describe	apply	Appraise	criticize	compose
describe	interpret	illustrate	judge	evaluate	create
label	paraphrase	modify	support	order	plan
list	summarize	use	compare	compare	combine
name	classify	calculate	decide	classify	formulate
state	compare	change	discriminate	contrast	invent
match	differentiate	choose	recommend	distinguish	hypothesize
recognize	discuss	demonstrate	summarize	infer	substitute
select	distinguish	discover	assess	separate	write
examine	extend	experiment	choose	explain select	compile
locate	predict	relate	convince	categorize	construct
memorize	associate	show	defend	connect	develop
quote	contrast	sketch	estimate	differentiate	generalize
recall	convert	complete	grade	divide	integrate
reproduce	demonstrate	construct	measure	order	modify
tabulate	estimate	dramatize	predict	prioritize	organize
tell Copy	express	interpret	rank	survey	prepare
discover	identify	manipulate	score	calculate	produce
duplicate	indicate	paint	select	conclude	rearrange
enumerate	infer	prepare	test	deduce	rewrite
listen	relate	act	conclude	devise	adapt
observe	restate	collect	consider	diagram	anticipate
omit	select	compute	critique	dissect	arrange
read	translate	explain list	debate	estimate	assemble
recite record	ask	operate	distinguish	evaluate	choose
repeat retell	cite	practice	editorialize	experiment	collaborate
visualize	discover	simulate	justify	focus	facilitate
	generalize	transfer write	persuade	illustrate	imagine
	group		rate	organize	intervene
	illustrate		weigh	outline	make
	judge			plan	manage
	observe			question	originate
	order			test	propose
	report				simulate solve
					support test
					validate

ACTION WORDS FOR COGNITIVE LEVELS

represent research review		
rewrite		

HSC PART II EXAMINATION MARKS BREAKUP GRID FOR EXAMINATION 2024

GROUP: PRE-MEDICAL-II

SUBJECT	THEORY	PRACTICAL	TOTAL
ENGLISH	100	-	100
URDU NORMAL / SINDHI	100	-	100
NORMAL			
PAKISTAN STUDIES	50	-	50
PHYSICS	85	15	100
CHEMISTRY	85	15	100
BOTANY	45	7	52
ZOOLOGY	40	8	48
TOTAL	505	45	550

GROUP: PRE-ENGINEERING-II

SUBJECT	THEORY	PRACTICAL	TOTAL
ENGLISH	100	-	100
URDU NORMAL / SINDHI NORMAL	100	-	100
PAKISTAN STUDIES	50	-	50
PHYSICS	85	15	100
CHEMISTRY	85	15	100
MATHEMATICS	100		100
TOTAL	520	30	550

GROUP: COMPUTER SCIENCE/ GENERAL SCIENCE

SUBJECT	THEORY	PRACTICAL	TOTAL
ENGLISH	100	-	100
URDU NORMAL / SINDHI	100	-	100
NORMAL			
PAKISTAN STUDIES	50	-	50
PHYSICS	85	15	100
COMPUTER SCIENCE	75	25	100
MATHEMATICS	100		100
TOTAL	510	40	550

GROUP: COMMERCE-II (Private/Regular)

SUBJECT	THEORY	PRACTICAL	TOTAL
ENGLISH	100	-	100
URDU NORMAL / SINDHI	100	-	100
NORMAL			
PAKISTAN STUDIES	50	-	50
BANKING	75	-	75
COMMERCIAL	75	-	75
GEOGRAPHY			
ACCOUNTING	100		100
STATISTICS	50		50
TOTAL	550		550

GROUP: HUMANITIES-II (Private/Regular)

(Any Three Elective)

SUBJECT	THEORY	PRACTICAL	TOTAL
ENGLISH	100	-	100
URDU NORMAL /	100	-	100
SINDHINORMAL			
PAKISTAN STUDIES	50	-	50
COMPUTER STUDIES	75	25	100
CIVICS	100		100
MATHEMATICS	100	-	100
SOCIOLOGY	100		100
ECONOMICS	100		100
EDUCATION	100		100
TOTAL	550		550



	Class XII	HIGHER SECON	DARY SCHOOL CERTIFIC	Total I ATE EXAMINATION 2024	Marks: 75
	Time Allowed: 20minutes Q1: Note: Attempt all question from	SECTION "A"	MERCIAL GEOGRAPHY (· · ·	Marks 15
1.	Which one of the professions w a. Land	ould the man ad b. sky	lopt if he gets river, sea, c. minerals	streams and ice lands? d. air	
2.	Development of resources depe a. nature	ends on b. culture	c. both	d. none	
3.	Occupation of dairy farming on a.Backward countries c. developed countries	b. Agric	lle is adopted in cultural countries erdeveloped countries.		
4.	Shift farming is carried: a. On mountainous slopes c. in valleys		ning a part of forest anks of rivers.		
5.	Conversion of raw materials and a. Artisan ship b. skill	d semi-processed	d goods into finished goo c. production	ods is termed as d. manufacturing	
6.	The cause of low living standard a. Educational backwardness c. over population	ds in developing	countries are: b. technological backwa d. all the three	ardness	
7.	What does "nugget' means a. Copper found in solid form c. gold found in solid form		b. iron found in solid fo d. silver found in solid f		
8.	From where and in what form c a. from fountains	coal is mined: b. from sand	c. sea	d. sedimentary r	ocks
9.	What is the maximum total leng	gth of Pakistan			
	a. 700 miles	b. 1000 miles	c. 900 miles	d. 800 miles	
10.	Which factor determines the ty	pe and nature of	f a forest		
	a. climate	b. soil	c. topography	d. all the three	
11.	Most of the industries running i	in Pakistan are			

Total Time: 3 hours

	a. agro-based	b. commerce-based	c. handicraft-based	d. all answers are corre	ct.
12.	What is the source of e	lectricity generation			
	a. water	b. oil	c. gas	d. all three.	
13.	Which province of Pakis	stan is thicky populated	:		
	a. Baluchistan	b. Punjab	c. Sindh	d. Khyber Pakhtunkwa	
14.	On what basis the mean	ns of transport should b	e analyzed		
	a. time	b. distance	c. both	d. none	
15.	Maize is the product of	which crop			
	a. Khareef	b. Rabi	c. Spring	d. no one	
	Class XII Time: 2 hours 40 minu		NDARY SCHOOL CERTIF	ICATE EXAMINATION 2024 FION "C" Total N	4 Narks 60
		SECTION "B" S	SHORT ANSWER QUEST	IONS	30 Marks
		World	I		
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	What are tertiary activi Briefly describe shift fa	nds of geography tivities are affected by c ities? rming. elp in the establishmen n Theory of Population.	limate. t of industry.		(15)
Q3 1. 2. 3. 4.		tribution of Pakistan. und in Pakistan.	on carries equal marks vity of the agricultural s	ector of Pakistan.	(15)
5. 6.	Give a brief account of Name the barrages bui	motorway developmen	t in Pakistan.		

	SECTION "C"	DETAILED ANSWER QUESTIONS	30 Marks
World Q4. Attempt any one of the following. Each question carries equal marks:			
1.	1. What do you know about cotton? Explain the necessary factors required for its cultivation.		
2.	2. Explain what you know about Gold. Discuss the Gold producing countries of the world.		
Pakistan			
Q5. Attempt any one of the following. Each question carries equal marks:			(15)

- 1. Write a detailed note on vegetation and forests of Pakistan
- 2. Explain why irrigation is necessary for agricultural crops, and describe which sources of irrigation are used in Pakistan.